RECOMMENDATIONS OF CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Suggested motion: I move to approve the preliminary plat of Arcadian Heights Master Plan, the variance from MSB 43.20.300(A), and the variance request from MSB 43.20.300(E)(3)(a) Lot and Block Design Section 17, Township 17 North, Range 01 West, Seward Meridian, Alaska, contingent on staff recommendations:

- 1. Taxes and special assessments must be paid in full for the year of recording, pursuant to MSB 43.15.053(F) and AS 40.15.020. Pay taxes and special assessments (LIDs), by CERTIFIED FUNDS OR CASH.
- 2. Provide updated Certificate to Plat executed within seven (7) days of recording of each phase plat and submit Beneficiary Affidavit for any holders of a beneficial interest.
- 3. Overlay the flag pole portions of Lot 2 & Lot 3, Block 2 with either a common access easement or a public use easement.
- 4. Provide City of Wasilla final road approval for each phase plat.
- 5. Provide an updated soils report once the regrading of Lot 17, Block 2 has been completed. Alternatively, combine Lot 17, Block 2 with an adjoining lot.
- 6. Relocate the proposed temporary cul-de-sac on S. Braxton Drive to the end of the proposed S. Braxton Drive at the edge of the southern property boundary.
- 7. Pay postage and advertising fees.
- 8. Show all easements of record on each phase plat.
- 9. Submit recording fees for each phase, payable to Department of Natural Resources (DNR).
- 10. Submit each phase plat in full compliance with Title 43.

Jesse Curlin

From:

Percy, Colton T (DFG) <colton.percy@alaska.gov>

Sent:

Wednesday, July 12, 2023 7:46 AM

To:

Jesse Curlin

Subject:

RE: RFC Legacy Hills Estates #2023-064

[EXTERNAL EMAIL - CAUTION: Do not open unexpected attachments or links.]

Hi Chris,

No objections from Access Defense. Thanks for getting this out to us.

Colton Percy

Habitat Biologist Access Defense Program Alaska Department of Fish and Game Division of Wildlife Conservation 333 Raspberry Rd Anchorage, AK 99518 907-267-2118

From: Jesse Curlin < Jesse. Curlin@matsugov.us>

Sent: Monday, July 10, 2023 10:33 AM

To: Myers, Sarah E E (DFG) <sarah.myers@alaska.gov>; Percy, Colton T (DFG) <colton.percy@alaska.gov>

Subject: RFC Legacy Hills Estates #2023-064

CAUTION: This email originated from outside the State of Alaska mail system. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Please ignore the due date. I realized you were left out of the original email. Any comments you have time to send would be appreciated.

The following link contains a Request for Comments to subdivide 217N02W14D005. Comments are due by June 9, 2023. Please let me know if you have any questions.

Legacy Hills Estates

Sincerely,

Jesse C. "Chris" Curlin Platting Technician Matanuska-Susitna Borough (907) 861-7873

> HANDOUT #2 LEGACY HILLS EST CASE #2023-064 MEETING DATE: AUGUST 3, 2023

Jesse Curlin

From:

Moenaert, Crystal L (DFG) <crystal.moenaert@alaska.gov>

Sent:

Monday, July 10, 2023 3:31 PM

To:

Jesse Curlin

Subject:

RE: RFC Legacy Hills Estates #2023-064

[EXTERNAL EMAIL - CAUTION: Do not open unexpected attachments or links.]

Good Afternoon,

The ADF&G Habitat Section has reviewed the request to create 12 lots and construct an interior road for access to all lots. The subject location does not contain any documented resident or anadromous waterbodies therefore a permit from the ADF&G Habitat Section is not required. Should fish bearing water bodies be discovered please contact the ADF&G Habitat Section at (907) 861-3200.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment.

Sincerely,

Crystal Moenaert

Habitat Biologist 2 ADF&G Habitat Section 1801 S Margaret Drive, Suite 6 Palmer AK 99645 Ph: 907-861-3204

ADF&G Habitat Section Permits Link



From: Jesse Curlin < Jesse. Curlin@matsugov.us>

Sent: Monday, July 10, 2023 10:33 AM

To: Myers, Sarah E E (DFG) < sarah.myers@alaska.gov >; Percy, Colton T (DFG) < colton.percy@alaska.gov >

Subject: RFC Legacy Hills Estates #2023-064

CAUTION: This email originated from outside the State of Alaska mail system. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Please ignore the due date. I realized you were left out of the original email. Any comments you have time to send would be appreciated.

The following link contains a Request for Comments to subdivide 217N02W14D005. Comments are due by June 9, 2023. Please let me know if you have any questions.

HANDOUT #1 LEGACY HILLS EST CASE #2023-064 MEETING DATE: AUGUST 3, 2023

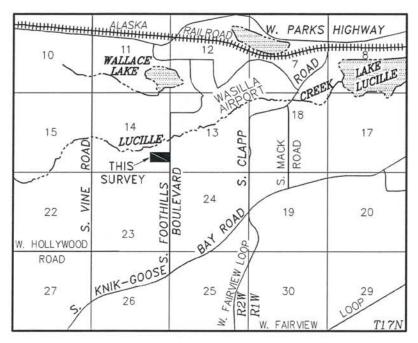
Legacy Hills DRAINAGE REPORT

Legacy Hills Subdivision

Account Number: 217N02W14D005 Parcel ID: 38442 TRS: TOWNSHIP 17N RANGE 2W SECTION 14 LOT D5

Site Address: 2180 S Foothills Blvd
Ownership: ALASKA ROYAL HOLDINGS LLC

Primary Owner's Address: 3950 E WICKERSHAM WAY WASILLA AK 99654



Civil Resources, LLC 3001 W Stonebridge Dr. Wasilla, AK 99654 CRLLC Job No. 230428 August 2, 2023



HANDOUT #3 LEGACY HILLS EST CASE # 2023-064 MEETING DATE: August 3, 2023

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No. CE 13163	

Introduction

Owner will develop a residential subdivision with 12 Lots on 20 acres and 1,270 feet of public road improvement. The site is on a hill having ten separate outfalls in all directions. There are two natural depressions that keep post development peak flow less than pre-development. There is no runoff from the 1-Year 24-Hour storm event. Flows from the 10-Year 24-Hour storm event for most of the outfalls are negligibly small (less than 0.05 CFS). Post-development flow increases are also negligibly small. There are two culverts, one at each end of the road. All ditches are stable for the 100-year 24-hour storm event. Culverts are designed for the 100-year 24-hour storm event in order to maintain pre-development flow pattern.

Land development activities increase runoff and requires responsible stormwater management facilities consisting of treatment, retention, detention, infiltration, and conveyance of stormwater to avoid adverse impact of adjoining, nearby, and downstream properties receiving water. The purpose of this report is to document those improvements will follow the following criteria in Table D-1¹:

- Conveyance: Drainage ditches and non-regulated streams shall be designed for the 10-year storm 24-hour storm event. Regulated streams shall be designed for the 100-year 24-hour storm event.
 - a. All ditches and culverts must convey the peak flow from the 10-Year Storm Event with a minimum of 12-Inches (1-foot) freeboard below the top of fore slope (structural section hinge point) or maximum flow depth of 18" in a 30" deep ditch.
 - b. Flow capacity must be a minimum of 10% greater than the design flow.
- Wetlands. Preserve the pre-development function of wetlands. For jurisdictional wetland areas, comply with United States Army Corps of Engineers wetlands development retention requirements.
- 3. Water Quality. Treat runoff generated by 0.50 inch of rainfall in a 24-hour period.
- 4. <u>Erosion and Sediment Control</u>. Control flows in conveyance channels so that transport of particles sized D50 and greater will not occur for the post-development peak flow.
- Extended Detention. Provide 12 to 24 hours of detention for the post-development project runoff in excess of pre-development runoff volume for the 1-year, 24-hour storm.
- 6. Flood Hazard. Control peak flow to minimize downstream impacts.
 - Maintain the post-development project runoff peak flows from the 10-year, 24-hour storm to less than or equal to pre-development runoff peak flow at all project discharge points. Or,
 - b. Maintain the post-development project runoff peak flows to less than 1.10 times pre-development runoff peak flow at all project discharge points. Evaluate downstream until the project site area is less than 10% of the total upstream basin area and mitigate adverse impacts.

¹ Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Public Works Department, Subdivision Construction Manual, July 19, 2022.

- 7. <u>Flood Bypass</u>. Compute post-development peak flow and delineate an unobstructed, overland flow path for runoff to overtop or bypass project conveyance routes for the post-development 100-year, 24-hour storm.
- 8. <u>Drainage Easements</u>. Easements are required for drainage facilities located outside of dedication right-of-way. Easements shall connect to right-of-way and be a minimum of 20' wide and 20' long. Easement for detention basins shall be 5' outside top of basin.
- 9. <u>Utility Easements</u>. Avoid locating drainage facilities in adjacent utility easements. Obtain approval from utilities when co-location is required.
- 10. Other Agency Requirement may include the following:
 - a. Floodplain Use Permit from MSB;
 - b. 404 Permit from U.S. Army Corps of Engineers;
 - c. Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADFG) for fish/stream crossings; or
 - d. Storm Water Pollution Prevention Permit (SWPPP) from the Alaska Department of Environmental Control.

Maps and calculations supporting the findings and recommendations can be found in Appendices A and B. All storm events referenced herein have a 24-hour duration except those used in the Rational Method.

Site Conditions

FEMA Flood Zone

Flood Insurance Rate Map 02170C8065F Effective Date 09/27/2019 designates the project site area outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplain (Zone 'X') or area with undetermined, but possible flooding (Zone 'D'). The site is adjacent to and 100 feet above Lucille Creek Flood Zone 'A'.



Waters of the United States

There are no wetland or Jurisdictional Waters of the United States (WOTUS) on site. A 404 Permit is not required from the United States Army Corps of Engineers prior to performing any disturbance or development in this area.



Figure 1 - Wetlands and Waters of the United States

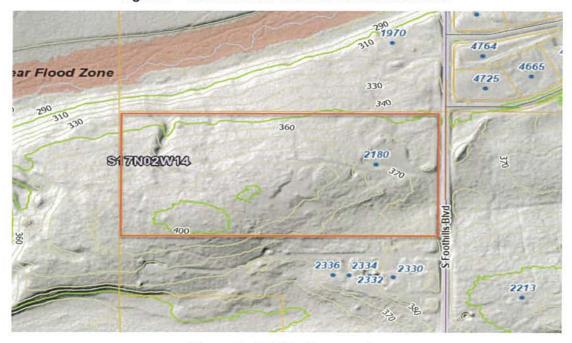


Figure 2 - Hillside Topography

Legacy Hills Drainage Report

Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP)

Runoff from the site travels to Crocker Creek and Cook Inlet (WOTUS). <u>A storm water pollution prevention plan and notice of intent are REQUIRED</u>.

Alaska Department of Fish and Game

There are no active streams or fish crossings for this site.

Legacy Hills Drainage Report

Hydrology

Drainage Areas

Drainage areas and streams were delineated using HEC-HMS GIS tools² and the MSB 2019 Digital Elevation Model (DEM)³. Areas and streams were then adjusted based on review of contour maps and field observation.

Rainfall

Rainfall depths and intensities were taken from NOAA 14 Data Server⁴ and are summarized in the following table. No aerial reduction is applied. SCS Type I Rainfall Distribution is recommended by NOAA 14, TR-55, and MOA for use in this area of Alaska.

NOAA14 uses a regional influence approach for a variety of probability distribution functions and durations that is most suitable for the region. Distribution parameters and precipitation frequency estimates were analyzed for each duration based on the mean of the annual maximum series at each station and then regionally smoothed across durations to ensure consistency in precipitation frequency estimates.

Storms vary spatially having differing effects within the same region. One storm could produce a 2-inch rainfall in Palmer and 1-inch at the project site. But the next storm could reverse having 2-inches at the project site and 1-inch in Palmer. Both sites within the same region have similar probabilities even though the effects could be different for any one event. The precipitation frequency duration data published by NOAA is the best available information available for this site.

Table 1

			Wasill	a			
24	4-Hour Dept	ths in Inches		10-YR	Intensity in	Inches pe	r Hour
Frequency	1	10	100	5	10	15	30
Inches	1.09	1.98	3.02	2.11	1.42	1.10	0.73

Losses

Hydrologic Soil Groups (HSG) were given by the USDA/NRCS Data Server⁵. SCS Curve Numbers (CN) were taken from TR-55⁶ Tables 2-2a and 2c and MOA⁷ Table 4.4-3 and adjusted for non-

² Hydrologic Modeling System (HEC-HMS) Version 4.7.1, January 14, 2021.

³ 2019 LiDAR & Imagery Project, Matanuska-Susitna Borough.

⁴ NOAA Atlas 14 Volume 7 Version 2.0, Precipitation-Frequency Atlas of the United States, Alaska. NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, MD.

⁵ Custom Soil Resource Report for Matanuska-Susitna Valley Area, Alaska, USDA/NRCS, February 2, 2021.

⁶ Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds, USDA/NRCS, Technical Release 55 (TR-55), June 1986, Update January 1999.

⁷ Anchorage Stormwater Manual, Volume 1, Chapter 4, December 2017.

connected impervious area. The following tables summarize CN'S by hydrologic soil group and weighted CN'S for each type of land use.

Runoff is based on maximum future development for current zoning. It is reasonable to expect future runoff events to be greater than those in the past. For example, commercial properties could replace pervious gravel with impervious pavement having significantly greater runoff. Likewise, residential properties can replace forest with grass having greater runoff. Initial abstraction of rainfall and small depression storage are incorporated into calculations.

Table 2

HSG	IMP	Α	В	С	D	TR-55
Infiltration (in/hr)		1.42	0.57	0.06	0.00	NRCS, Part 630 Tbl 7-2
Forrest		30	55	70	77	MOA Tbl 4.4-3
Grass/Pasture		39	61	74	80	Table 2-2c
R1 (1DU/AC)	20%	45	65	76	82	(1) and (4)
R2 (2DU/AC)	25%	47	66	77	82	(1) and (4)
R3 (3DU/AC)	30%	49	67	78	83	(1) and (4)
R4 (4DU/AC)	42%	53	70	80	84	(1) and (4)
СОМ	85%	89	92	94	95	(1)
IND	72%	81	88	91	93	(1)
Bare Ground	VIII	77	86	91	94	MOA Tbl 4.4-3
Pavement/IMP		98	98	98	98	MOA Tbl 4.4-3
Gravel		76	85	89	91	MOA Tbl 4.4-3
ROW	33%	58	73	82	86	(2)
(1) Compute using	%IMP * I	Pavement	+ (1-%IMP)	* Grass.		
(2) Compute using	10/30=	33% Paver	ment and 60	% grass/pas	ture.	
(3) Use 42% IMP fo	r R4 (WS	DOT HRM	M31-16.04	1)		

Note: Hydrologic Soil Group 'C' is not found in this watershed/site.

Legacy Hills Drainage Report

Table 3

			PRE LOSS S	UMMARY				
		HYDROLO	GIC SOIL GE		RES			
OUTFALL	SUB-AREA	B-FORREST	B-R1	ROW	IMP	TOTAL	CN X DA	CN
		55	65	73	98			
	1	2.0	1.0			3.0	175.0	58.3
	2	1.2	1.0			2.2	131.0	59.5
	3	3.4				3.4	185.4	55.0
	4	2.4				2.4	133.4	55.0
	5	1.6				1.6	89.5	55.0
	6	0.4				0.4	24.0	55.0
	7	0.5	311			0.5	25.9	55.0
	8	1.0	0.6			1.6	94.0	58.8
	9	4.8	1.0			5.8	329.0	56.7
	10	6.9				6.9	377.2	55.0
	11			0.6		0.6	43.8	73.0
Total		24.2	3.6	0.6	0.0	28.4	1,608.2	56.6
			POST LOSS S					
OUTFALL	SUB-AREA	HYDROLO	GIC SOIL GR	OUP IN ACI	RES	TOTAL	CNXDA	CN
		B-FORREST	B-R1	ROW	IMP	TOTAL	CIVADA	CIV
		55	65	73	98			
	1			0.5		0.5	36.5	73.0
	2		2.5			2.5	162.7	65.0
	3		1.5			1.5	98.8	65.0
	4		2.3			2.3	149.7	65.0
	5		0.9			0.9	56.7	65.0
	6		0.8			0.8	51.9	65.0
	7		0.6			0.6	39.2	65.0
	8		2.0			2.0	130.0	65.0
	9		0.4			0.4	28.4	65.0
	10		0.5			0.5	30.6	65.0
	11		1.6			1.6	101.8	65.0
	12		5.6			5.6	365.9	65.0
	13	6.9				6.9	379.5	55.0
	14			0.8		0.8	58.4	73.0
	15			0.8		0.8	58.4	73.0
	16		0.7			0.7	45.5	65.0
Total		6.9	19.4	2.1	0.0	28.4	1,794.0	63.2

Time of Concentration

Time of concentration was computed using four different methods (Kirpich, NRCS Upland, NRCS Lag, and Manning's Equation). Manning's, Upland, and Kirpich all give comparable results. NRCS Lag gives a much higher travel time than the other three and will not be used. Kirpich gives a slightly shorter time than the other two and produces realistic slightly conservative results. Kirpich Equation is given as,

 $Tc = 0.0078 L^{0.77} S^{-0.385}$ in Minutes

EQ. 1

Where:

L = Stream Length in feet;

S = Watercourse Slope in feet/feet.

Table 4 – Pre-Development Input Data

BAS	IN	Str	eam		Length	CI	-		-																						
OUTFALL	SUB	UP	DN	Acres	1.1	Slope	Tc	V	CN																						
2	1	20	26	3.0	304	0.065	5.0	1.0	58.3																						
3	2	9	24	2.2	435	0.108	5.0	1.4	59.5																						
4	3	6	28	3.4	443	0.144	5.0	1.5	55.0																						
5	4	3	29	2.4	613	0.118	5.0	2.0	55.0																						
6	5	8	27	1.6	476	0.111	5.0	1.6	55.0																						
7	6	5	11	0.4	121	0.036	5.0	0.4	55.0																						
8	7 5 8 4 9 7		11	0.5	121	0.036	5.0	0.4	55.0																						
9				8					8														4		13	1.6	203	0.057	5.0	0.7	58.8
10			7	7	7	21	5.8	718	0.049	5.0	2.4	56.7																			
10	10	2	23	6.9	539	0.080	5.0	1.8	55.0																						
1	11	20	25	0.6	319	0.060	5.0	1.1	73.0																						
	Total			28.4	4,292	(m	montai-	Y																							
	Max			6.9	718	0.1440	5.0	2.4	73.0																						
	Min			0.4	121	0.0364	5.0	0.4	55.0																						

Table 5. Post-Development Input Data

BAS	N		Stream	1 10	Length	1200			
OUTFALL	SUB	UP	DN	Acres	1.1	Slope	Tc	V	CN
1	1	20	25	0.5	319	0.060	5.0	1.1	73.0
2	2	20	26	2.5	304	0.065	5.0	1.0	65.0
3	3		24	1.5	300	0.065	5.0	1.0	65.0
4	4		28	2.3	300	0.065	5.0	1.0	65.0
5	5		15	0.9	300	0.065	5.0	1.0	65.0
6	6	18	27	0.8	80	0.005	5.0	0.3	65.0
6	7	12	16	0.6	603	0.030	5.0	2.0	65.0
4	8	8	14	2.0	216	0.084	5.0	0.7	65.0
7	9	5	11	0.4	121	0.036	5.0	0.4	65.0
8	10	5	11	0.5	121	0.036	5.0	0.4	65.0
9	11	4	13	1.6	203	0.057	5.0	0.7	65.0
10	12	7	21	5.6	718	0.049	5.0	2.4	65.0
10	13	2	23	6.9	539	0.080	5.0	1.8	55.0
10	14	12	17	0.8	730	0.027	5.0	2.4	73.0
10	15	10	19	0.8	730	0.040	5.0	2.4	73.0
5	16	8	14	0.7	216	0.084	5.0	0.7	65.0
31194.0	Total			28.3	5,800				
	Max			6.9	730	0.0845	5.0	2.4	73.0
	٨	/lin		0.4	80	0.0050	5.0	0.3	55.0

Table 6. Road Hydrology

			Roa	d Hydrology	/			
BASINS	From Node	To Node	Feature	Grade	REF HYD	STORM	Q	Qd
	10	14	Ditch 💌	1.0	8	100	0.5	0.5
	12	16	Ditch	1.0	7	100	0.1	0.2
	10	19	Ditch	1.0	15	100	0.5	0.5
	12	17	Ditch	1.0	14	100	0.5	0.5
	17	19	CUL1	1.0	14	100	0.5	0.5
	14	16	CUL2	1.0	8	100	0.5	0.5
		Mir	1				0.5	0.5
		Avg	5				0.5	0.5
		Max	<				0.5	0.5
		NODE CO	TNUC	See A	ppendix	for detail ca	lculations	

Transformation - Routing

Autodesk Hydraflow⁸ model is used to transform the Type I Hyetograph into runoff using the SCS Method. Basin area, curve number (CN), and time of concentration are entered for each area and routed to their respective outfalls. Results are summarized in the following figures and table.

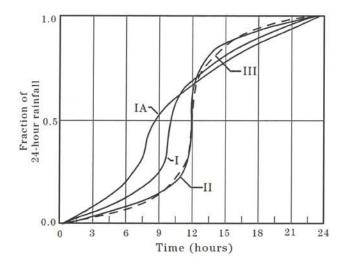


Figure 3. SCS 24-Hour Rainfall Distributions

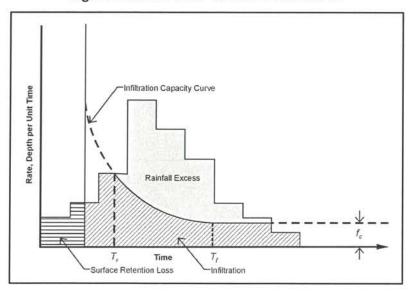


Figure 4. Rainfall - Runoff - Infiltration Relationship

⁸ Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk^{*} Civil 3D^{*} 2019 is an application for urban hydro systems engineering. It creates hyetographs from rainfall data, computes losses, and creates runoff hydrographs that can be added together at junctions, routed through channels, diverted at junctions, and routed through ponds. Pond sizing and routing is interactive within the application.

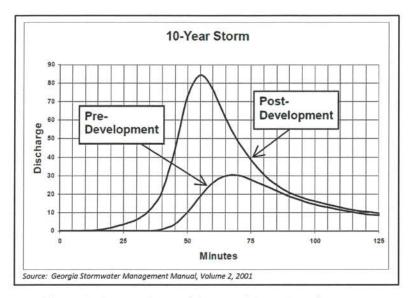


Figure 5. Comparison of Pre- and Post-Development Runoff Hydrographs (Example)

Table 7

Pre- and Post- Development Flows and Volumes

OUTFALL 1 2 3 4	HYD 1	1YR	10YR	100YR	OUTFALL	41/0	101/0	
2 3	1	1202			OUTFALL	1YR	10YR	100YR
3		0.0	0.0	0.1	1	0	440	3,245
	2	0.0	0.0	0.1	2	0	424	2,676
4	3	0.0	0.0	0.1	3	0	176	2,547
	4	0.0	0.0	0.0	4	0	124	1,798
5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0	5	0	83	1,199
6	6	0.0	0.0	0.0	6	0	21	300
7	7	0.0	0.0	0.0	7	0	26	375
8	8	0.0	0.0	0.1	8	0	264	1,819
9	14	0.0	0.0	0.0	9	0	0	0.000
10	11	0.0	0.1	0.4	10	68	700	1,953
	POST	LOW IN	res		P	OST VOI	UME IN CU-	FT
OUTFALL	HYD	1YR	10YR	100YR	OUTFALL	1YR	10YR	100YR
1	2	0.0	0.0	0.6	1	0	1214	4822
2	3	0.0	0.0	0.4	2	0	728	2893
3	4	0.0	0.0	0.5	3	0	1117	4436
4	24	0.0	0.0	0.8	4	0	1699	6751
5	19	0.0	0.0	0.4	5	0	728	2893
6	9	0.0	0.0	0.1	6	0	194	772
7	10	0.0	0.0	0.1	7	0	243	964
8	11	0.0	0.0	0.4	8	0	777	3086
9	23	0.0	0.0	0.0	9	0	0	0
10	1	0.0	0.1	0.3	10	57	583	1628
nos	TELOW	INCREAS	E INI CEC		POST	VOLUM	E INCREASE	CULET
OUTFALL	FLOV	1YR	10YR	100YR	OUTFALL	1YR	10YR	100YR
1		0.0	0.0	0.5	1	0	774	1577
2		0.0	0.0	0.3	2	0	304	217
3		0.0	0.0	0.5	3	0	941	1889
4		0.0	0.0	0.8	4	0	1575	4953
5		0.0	0.0	0.3	5	0	645	1694
6		0.0	0.0	0.1	6	0	173	472
7		0.0	0.0	0.1	7	0	217	589
8		0.0	0.0	0.3	8	0	513	1267
9		0.0	0.0	0.0	9	0	0	0
10		0.0	0.0	-0.1	10	-11	-117	-325

Snow Melt

Spring snow melt is an event that occurs every year with a daily runoff volume that could exceed the 10-year 24-hour rainfall volume when "ice-sealing" occurs. Ice sealing takes place when snow melts at a rate exceeding soil infiltration causing a saturated soil condition. The saturated soil then freezes at night forming an impervious ice layer that reduces the amount of snow melt that can infiltrate into the ground. The phenomenon could last a few hours to two days until night freezing temperature hours are less than daytime warming hours. Even if it only occurs for one or two days, there is a real risk of property damage and traffic interruption if not properly addressed. The Municipality of Anchorage estimates this type of event occurs every five years and design for the 10-Year storm event is adequate to address snow melt⁹. The estimated snow melt during spring break-up is 0.5 inches per day¹⁰. The project has 10- and 100-year daily runoff amounts of 0.05 and 0.3 inches. In other words, it is likely the site will experience a greater and more frequent amount of runoff from snow melting than rainfall. Providing stormwater detention basins will help mitigate snow melt runoff.

⁹ Anchorage Stormwater Manual, Volume 1, December 2017, Section 8.1.

 $^{^{10}}$ NEH Part 630, Chapter 630.1103, Eq. 11-5 for mean daily temperature of 40 Degree-F. Assumes minimum of 2' depth of snow. MOA has recorded 0.9 inches in 40 hours (Appendix D-6).

Hydraulic and Stability Analyses

Ditches

Ditches were analyzed using Manning's Equation for a 30" deep V-Ditch having 3:1 gravel fore slope and 2:1 turf back slope. Results of detailed calculations for the 100-Year design flow are summarized in the following table.

Manning's Equation is,

 $V = (1.486R^{2/3}S^{1/2})/N$ Q = VA

EQ. 3

Q - VA

Where;

V = Velocity, ft/s

 $A = area of flow, ft^2$

Q= quantity of flow, ft3/s

N = Manning friction coefficient

R = Hydraulic Radius, feet

S = Energy Slope (ft/ft)

Standard ditch consists of turf and Class II sub-base fill (D_{50} = 1.5-inches). Ditches with D_{50} -Incipient Motion diameters greater than 1.5-inches risk erosion. These were designed for stabilized gravel/rock lining using the Isbash Equation¹¹ for channel banks on straight reach. Rock stabilization with diameters and gradation is shown in the following table. Turf Reinforcement Matt (TRM) is an acceptable alternative if approved by the Borough for use in right-of-way.

The Isbash Equation for critical incipient motion is,

 $D_{50} = 0.0191 \text{ Va}^2 [\Upsilon w / (\Upsilon s - \Upsilon w)] / \cos \varphi$

EQ. 5

Where:

Va = Average velocity in feet per second,

Yw = Specific weight of water in pounds per cubic feet = 62.4,

Ys = Specific weight of stone in pound per cubic feet = 156, and

 Φ = Bank Angle with horizontal

¹¹ Drainage Design Manual for Maricopa County, Hydraulic Open Channels, Pg. 6-51, EQ 6.34, December 14, 2018.

Legacy Hills Drainage Report

Table 8 - Hydraulic Design Results

BASIN	FROM NODE	TO NODE	FEATURE	Storm	Qd (CFS)	S (%)	D (FT)	B (FT)	z1	z2	Y (FT)	FB (FT)	N	V (FPS)	D50	Lining
	10	14	Ditch -	100	0.5	4.0	0.2	1	3	2	2.5	2.3	0.035	2.1	0.7	А
	12	16	Ditch	100	0.2	4.0	0.1	1	3	2	2.5	2.4	0.035	1.5	0.3	Α
	10	19	Ditch	100	0.5	6.0	0.2	1	3	2	2.5	2.3	0.035	2.5	1.0	Α
	12	17	Ditch	100	0.5	6.0	0.2	1	3	2	2.5	2.3	0.035	2.5	1.0	Α
	MAX				0.5	6.0	0.2	1.0	3	2	2.5	2.4	0.035	2.5	1.0	
	MIN				0.2	4.0	0.1	1.0	3	2	2.5	2.3	0.035	1.5	0.3	
	AVG	4	NODE COUNT		0.4	5.0	0.1	1.0	3	2	2.5	2.4	0.035	2.2	0.7	

Table 9

		TAMEL	LINING S	TAUILIZA	
TYPE	D50	DMAX	DMIN	Т	MATERIAL
UNITS		INCI	HES		
Α		NATIVE G	RASS/TU	RF/GRA	VEL
В	3.0	4.5	1.5	6.0	RIPRAP
С	6.0	9.0	3.0	12.0	RIPRAP
D	9.0	13.5	4.5	18.0	RIPRAP
E	12.0	18.0	6.0	24.0	RIPRAP

Culverts

Culvert crossings were analyzed using Autodesk Hydraflow¹² for HW/D = 1.0, a minimum grade of 1.0%, and are summarized in the following table.

 $^{^{12}}$ Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk Civil 3D Version 12 by Autodesk, Inc. Http://www.autodesk.com/civil3d-stormwater.

Hydraflow Rainfall Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 2 / 2023

Return Period	Intensity-D	uration-Frequency E	quation Coefficients	s (FHA)
(Yrs)	В	D	E	(N/A)
1	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
2 .	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
3	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	3 <u>0.000,000.00</u>
5	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
10	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	(
25	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	7
50	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	9 <u>23414244</u>
100	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	

File name: WASILLA.IDF

Intensity = B / (Tc + D)^E

Return		Intensity Values (in/hr)													
Period (Yrs)	5 min	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60			
1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			

Tc = time in minutes. Values may exceed 60.

Precip. file name: C:\Users\bfrie\CRLLC\Projects\WORK2023\Legacy Hills\CALC\WASILLA.pcp

	Rainfall Precipitation Table (in)											
Storm Distribution	1-yr	2-yr	3-yr	5-yr	10-yr	25-yr	50-yr	100-yr				
SCS 24-hour	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.98	0.00	0.00	3.02				
SCS 6-Hr	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Huff-1st	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Huff-2nd	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Huff-3rd	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Huff-4th	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Huff-Indy	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Custom	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph type (origin)	Peak flow (cfs)	Time interval (min)	Time to Peak (min)	Hyd. volume (cuft)	Inflow hyd(s)	Maximum elevation (ft)	Total strge used (cuft)	Hydrograph Description
1	SCS Runoff	0.304	1	598	1,628				SUB1, OUT-10
2	SCS Runoff	0.596	1	599	4,822				SUB2, OUT-1
3	SCS Runoff	0.358	1	599	2,893				SUB3, OUT-2
4	SCS Runoff	0.548	1	599	4,436				SUB4, OUT-3
5	SCS Runoff	0.215	1	599	1,736				SUB5, OUT-4
6	SCS Runoff	0.191	1	599	1,543				SUB6, 18>27
7	SCS Runoff	0.143	1	599	1,157				SUB7, 12>16
8	SCS Runoff	0.477	1	599	3,858				SUB8, 8>14
9	SCS Runoff	0.095	1	599	772		200000		SUB9, OUT-6
10	SCS Runoff	0.119	1	599	964			*****	SUB10, OUT-7
11	SCS Runoff	0.382	1	599	3,086				SUB11, OUT-8
12	SCS Runoff	1.335	1	599	10,801				SUB12, 7>21
13	SCS Runoff	0.119	1	774	5,170				SUB13, 2>23
14	SCS Runoff	0.487	1	598	2,604				SUB14, 12>17
15	SCS Runoff	0.487	1	598	2,604				SUB15, 10>19
16	Combine	0.620	1	599	5,015	7, 8,			RET1 IN
17	SCS Runoff	0.167	1	599	1,350		270000		SUB16, >OUT5
18	Combine	0.358	1	599	2,893	6, 17			OUT-5
19	Combine	2.303	1	599	16,010	12, 14, 15,			DEP1 IN
20	Reservoir	0.273	1	954	10,467	19	362.24	7,078	DEP1, 21
21	Combine	0.388	1	965	15,637	13, 20			DEP2 IN
22	Reservoir	0.000	1	n/a	0	21	359.66	15,637	DEP2, OUT-9
23	Combine	0.835	1	599	6,751	5, 16,			OUT4
РО	ST1.gpw				Return	Period: 100	Year	Wednesda	ay, 08 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph type (origin)	Peak flow (cfs)	Time interval (min)	Time to Peak (min)	Hyd. volume (cuft)	Inflow hyd(s)	Maximum elevation (ft)	Total strge used (cuft)	Hydrograph Description
1	SCS Runoff	0.064	1	599	583		7-2000		SUB1, OUT-10
2	SCS Runoff	0.028	1	775	1,214				SUB2, OUT-1
3	SCS Runoff	0.017	1	775	728				SUB3, OUT-2
4	SCS Runoff	0.026	1	775	1,117		·	-	SUB4, OUT-3
5	SCS Runoff	0.010	1	775	437		3	V 	SUB5, OUT-4
6	SCS Runoff	0.009	1	775	388				SUB6, 18>27
7	SCS Runoff	0.007	1	775	291		-		SUB7, 12>16
8	SCS Runoff	0.022	1	775	971			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SUB8, 8>14
9	SCS Runoff	0.004	1	775	194		7 <u></u>	1	SUB9, OUT-6
10	SCS Runoff	0.006	1	775	243				SUB10, OUT-7
11	SCS Runoff	0.018	1	775	777			4. 000.00	SUB11, OUT-8
12	SCS Runoff	0.062	1	775	2,719		: <u></u>	-	SUB12, 7>21
13	SCS Runoff	0.016	1	1318	358				SUB13, 2>23
14	SCS Runoff	0.102	1	599	933			2000	SUB14, 12>17
15	SCS Runoff	0.102	1	599	933			:	SUB15, 10>19
16	Combine	0.029	1	775	1,262	7, 8,	:	1	RET1 IN
17	SCS Runoff	0.008	1	775	340				SUB16, >OUT5
18	Combine	0.017	1	775	728	6, 17			OUT-5
19	Combine	0.204	1	599	4,584	12, 14, 15,	2.00000		DEP1 IN
20	Reservoir	0.000	1	n/a	0	19	361.66	4,584	DEP1, 21
21	Combine	0.016	1	1318	358	13, 20	·		DEP2 IN
22	Reservoir	0.000	1	n/a	0	21	358.04	358	DEP2, OUT-9
23	Combine	0.039	1	775	1,699	5, 16,			OUT4
РО	ST1.gpw				Return F	Period: 10 Y	ear	Wednesda	y, 08 / 2 / 2023

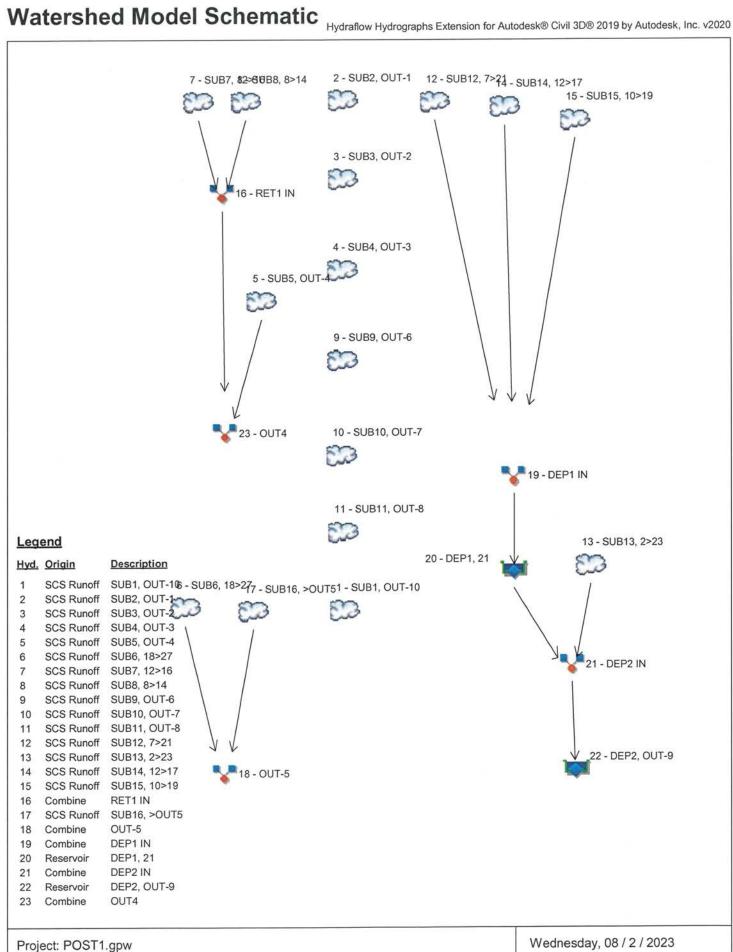
Hyd. No.	Hydrograph type (origin)	Peak flow (cfs)	Time interval (min)	Time to Peak (min)	Hyd. volume (cuft)	Inflow hyd(s)	Maximum elevation (ft)	Total strge used (cuft)	Hydrograph Description
1	SCS Runoff	0.002	1	1153	57				SUB1, OUT-10
2	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	1440	0				SUB2, OUT-1
3	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	1440	0	; -			SUB3, OUT-2
4	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	1440	0	-			SUB4, OUT-3
5	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	1440	0			*****	SUB5, OUT-4
6	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	1440	0	-			SUB6, 18>27
7	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	1440	0			200-100-100	SUB7, 12>16
8	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	1440	0				SUB8, 8>14
9	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	1440	0			<u></u>	SUB9, OUT-6
10	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	1440	0				SUB10, OUT-7
11	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	1440	0				SUB11, OUT-8
12	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	1440	1				SUB12, 7>21
13	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	n/a	0				SUB13, 2>23
14	SCS Runoff	0.003	1	1153	91				SUB14, 12>17
15	SCS Runoff	0.003	1	1153	91				SUB15, 10>19
16	Combine	0.000	1	1440	0	7, 8,			RET1 IN
17	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	1440	0		34 2000	2000	SUB16, >OUT5
18	Combine	0.000	1	1440	0	6, 17			OUT-5
19	Combine	0.005	1	1153	182	12, 14, 15,	******		DEP1 IN
20	Reservoir	0.000	1	n/a	0	19	360.07	182	DEP1, 21
21	Combine	0.000	1	n/a	0	13, 20			DEP2 IN
22	Reservoir	0.000	1	n/a	0	21	358.00	0.000	DEP2, OUT-9
23	Combine	0.000	1	1440	0	5, 16,			OUT4
РО	ST1.gpw				Return	Period: 1 Ye	ear	Wednesda	y, 08 / 2 / 2023

Hydrograph Return Period Recap Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

17.35	Hydrograph	Inflow				Peak Out	tflow (cfs)				Hydrograph
0.	type (origin)	hyd(s)	1-yr	2-уг	3-yr	5-yr	10-yr	25-yr	50-yr	100-yr	Description
1	SCS Runoff	1 -111/10 /	0.002	\$ 200000 3			0.064			0.304	SUB1, OUT-10
2	SCS Runoff		0.000				0.028			0.596	SUB2, OUT-1
3	SCS Runoff		0.000				0.017			0.358	SUB3, OUT-2
4	SCS Runoff		0.000				0.026			0.548	SUB4, OUT-3
5	SCS Runoff		0.000				0.010	-		0.215	SUB5, OUT-4
6	SCS Runoff		0.000				0.009			0.191	SUB6, 18>27
7	SCS Runoff		0.000				0.007			0.143	SUB7, 12>16
8	SCS Runoff		0.000				0.022			0.477	SUB8, 8>14
9	SCS Runoff		0.000				0.004			0.095	SUB9, OUT-6
10	SCS Runoff		0.000		0.0000000		0.006			0.119	SUB10, OUT-7
11	SCS Runoff		0.000				0.018			0.382	SUB11, OUT-8
12	SCS Runoff		0.000		72222		0.062			1.335	SUB12, 7>21
13	SCS Runoff		0.000				0.016			0.119	SUB13, 2>23
14	SCS Runoff		0.003		STATES OF		0.102			0.487	SUB14, 12>17
15	SCS Runoff		0.003				0.102			0.487	SUB15, 10>19
16	Combine	7, 8,	0.000		0		0.029			0.620	RET1 IN
17	SCS Runoff		0.000	13-13-13			0.008			0.167	SUB16, >OUT5
18	Combine	6, 17	0.000	S-1100-1100			0.017			0.358	OUT-5
19	Combine	12, 14, 15,	0.005				0.204			2.303	DEP1 IN
20	Reservoir	19	0.000				0.000			0.273	DEP1, 21
21	Combine	13, 20	0.000				0.016			0.388	DEP2 IN
22	Reservoir	21	0.000	(0000000)			0.000			0.000	DEP2, OUT-9
23	Combine	5, 16,	0.000				0.039			0.835	OUT4

Proj. file: POST1.gpw

Wednesday, 08 / 2 / 2023



Hydraflow Rainfall Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Monday, 05 / 22 / 2023

Return Period	Intensity-D	quation Coefficients	s (FHA)	
(Yrs)	В	D	E	(N/A)
1	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-
2	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
3	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
5	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	**********
10	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
25	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
50	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
100	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	(**************************************

File name: WASILLA.IDF

Intensity = B / (Tc + D)^E

Return		Intensity Values (in/hr)														
Period (Yrs)	5 min	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60				
1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				

Tc = time in minutes. Values may exceed 60.

Precip. file name: C:\Users\bfrie\CRLLC\Projects\WORK2023\Legacy Hills\CALC\WASILLA.pcp

	Rainfall Precipitation Table (in)											
Storm Distribution	1-yr	2-yr	3-yr	5-yr	10-yr	25-yr	50-yr	100-yr				
SCS 24-hour	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.98	0.00	0.00	3.02				
SCS 6-Hr	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Huff-1st	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Huff-2nd	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Huff-3rd	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Huff-4th	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Huff-Indy	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Custom	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph type (origin)	Peak flow (cfs)	Time interval (min)	Time to Peak (min)	Hyd. volume (cuft)	Inflow hyd(s)	Maximum elevation (ft)	Total strge used (cuft)	Hydrograph Description
1	SCS Runoff	0.083	1	622	3,245		* 200000		SUB1, OUT-1
2	SCS Runoff	0.106	1	602	2,676				SUB2, OUT-3
3	SCS Runoff	0.058	1	774	2,547	;		-	SUB3, OUT-3
4	SCS Runoff	0.041	1	774	1,798				SUB4, OUT-4
5	SCS Runoff	0.027	1	774	1,199				SUB5, OUT-5
6	SCS Runoff	0.007	1	774	300		20000		SUB6, OUT-6
7	SCS Runoff	0.009	1	774	375				SUB7, OUT-7
8	SCS Runoff	0.052	1	602	1,819				SUB8, OUT-8
9	SCS Runoff	0.125	1	755	5,299			20032	SUB9, 7>21
10	SCS Runoff	0.119	1	774	5,170				SUB10
11	SCS Runoff	0.365	1	598	1,953			700000	SUB11, OUT-10
12	Reservoir	0.000	1	n/a	0	9	361.91	5,299	DEP1, 21
13	Combine	0.119	1	774	5,170	10, 12			DEP2 IN
14	Reservoir	0.000	1	n/a	0	13	358.55	5,170	DEP2, 23>OUT-9
									*
PR	E.gpw				Return	Period: 100	Year	Monday, 0	5 / 22 / 2023

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph type (origin)	Peak flow (cfs)	Time interval (min)	Time to Peak (min)	Hyd. volume (cuft)	Inflow hyd(s)	Maximum elevation (ft)	Total strge used (cuft)	Hydrograph Description
1	SCS Runoff	0.014	1	1199	440				SUB1, OUT-1
2	SCS Runoff	0.012	1	1162	424				SUB2, OUT-3
3	SCS Runoff	0.008	1	1318	176			5.500 N.74 N	SUB3, OUT-3
4	SCS Runoff	0.006	1	1318	124				SUB4, OUT-4
5	SCS Runoff	0.004	1	1318	83				SUB5, OUT-5
6	SCS Runoff	0.001	1	1318	21		******		SUB6, OUT-6
7	SCS Runoff	0.001	1	1318	26				SUB7, OUT-7
8	SCS Runoff	0.008	1	1182	264				SUB8, OUT-8
9	SCS Runoff	0.020	1	1252	550			-232227	SUB9, 7>21
10	SCS Runoff	0.016	1	1318	358				SUB10
11	SCS Runoff	0.077	1	599	700			-	SUB11, OUT-10
12	Reservoir	0.000	1	n/a	0	9	360.20	550	DEP1, 21
13	Combine	0.016	1	1318	358	10, 12			DEP2 IN
14	Reservoir	0.000	1	n/a	0	13	358.04	358	DEP2, 23>OUT-9
PR	E.gpw				Return	Period: 10 \	Year	Monday, 0	5 / 22 / 2023

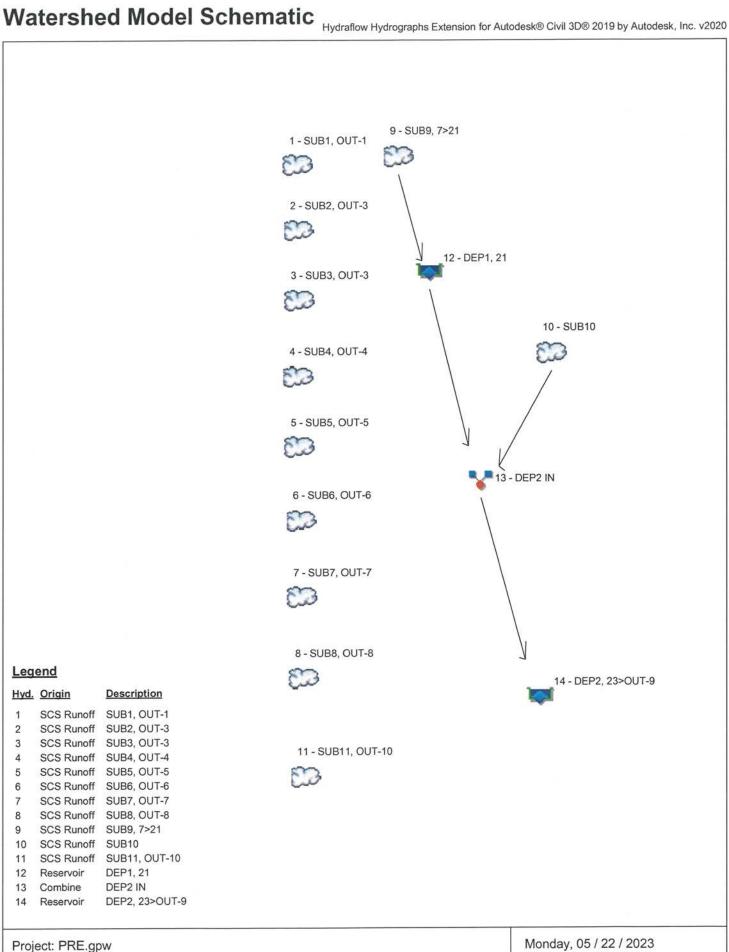
Hyd.	Hydrograph	Peak	Time	Time to	Hyd.	Inflow	Maximum	Total	Hydrograph
No.	type (origin)	flow (cfs)	interval (min)	Peak (min)	volume (cuft)	hyd(s)	elevation (ft)	strge used (cuft)	Description
1	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	n/a	0				SUB1, OUT-1
2	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	n/a	0				SUB2, OUT-3
3	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	n/a	0	-	2000000000	-	SUB3, OUT-3
4	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	n/a	0				SUB4, OUT-4
5	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	n/a	0				SUB5, OUT-5
6	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	n/a	0	-	200100		SUB6, OUT-6
7	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	n/a	0				SUB7, OUT-7
8	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	n/a	0				SUB8, OUT-8
9	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	n/a	0				SUB9, 7>21
10	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	n/a	0	S			SUB10
11	SCS Runoff	0.002	1	1153	68				SUB11, OUT-10
12	Reservoir	0.000	1	n/a	0	9	360.00	0.000	DEP1, 21
13	Combine	0.000	1	n/a	0	10, 12			DEP2 IN
14	Reservoir	0.000	1	n/a	0	13	358.00	0.000	DEP2, 23>OUT-9
PR	E.gpw				Return	Period: 1 Ye	ear	Monday, 0	5 / 22 / 2023

Hydrograph Return Period Recap Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

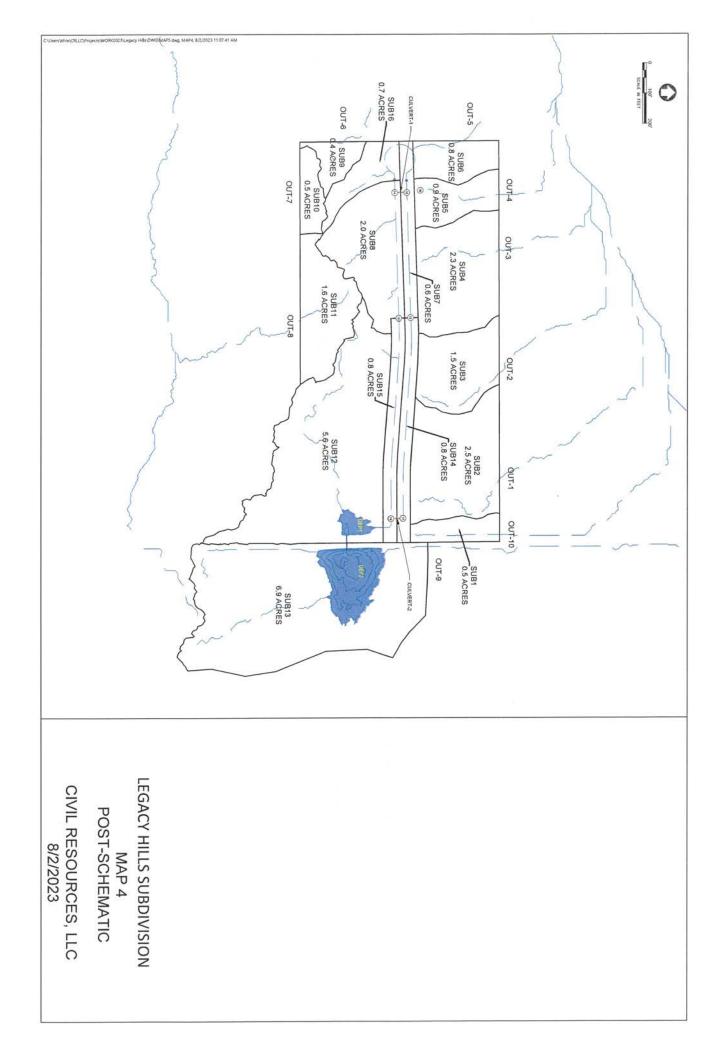
	Hydrograph	Inflow				Peak Out	tflow (cfs)			n!)	Hydrograph Description
	type (origin)	hyd(s)	1-уг	2-yr	3-yr	5-yr	10-yr	25-yr	50-yr	100-yr	Description
Ē.	SCS Runoff		0.000				0.014			0.083	SUB1, OUT-1
2	SCS Runoff		0.000				0.012			0.106	SUB2, OUT-3
3	SCS Runoff		0.000				0.008			0.058	SUB3, OUT-3
4	SCS Runoff		0.000				0.006		(200,000)	0.041	SUB4, OUT-4
5	SCS Runoff		0.000				0.004		*******	0.027	SUB5, OUT-5
6	SCS Runoff		0.000				0.001		1- Wester	0.007	SUB6, OUT-6
7	SCS Runoff	-	0.000			(22202)	0.001			0.009	SUB7, OUT-7
3	SCS Runoff		0.000				0.008			0.052	SUB8, OUT-8
9	SCS Runoff		0.000				0.020			0.125	SUB9, 7>21
10	SCS Runoff		0.000				0.016		(320000)	0.119	SUB10
11	SCS Runoff		0.002				0.077			0.365	SUB11, OUT-10
12	Reservoir	9	0.000				0.000			0.000	DEP1, 21
13	Combine	10, 12	0.000				0.016			0.119	DEP2 IN
14	Reservoir	13	0.000				0.000			0.000	DEP2, 23>OUT-9
			3								

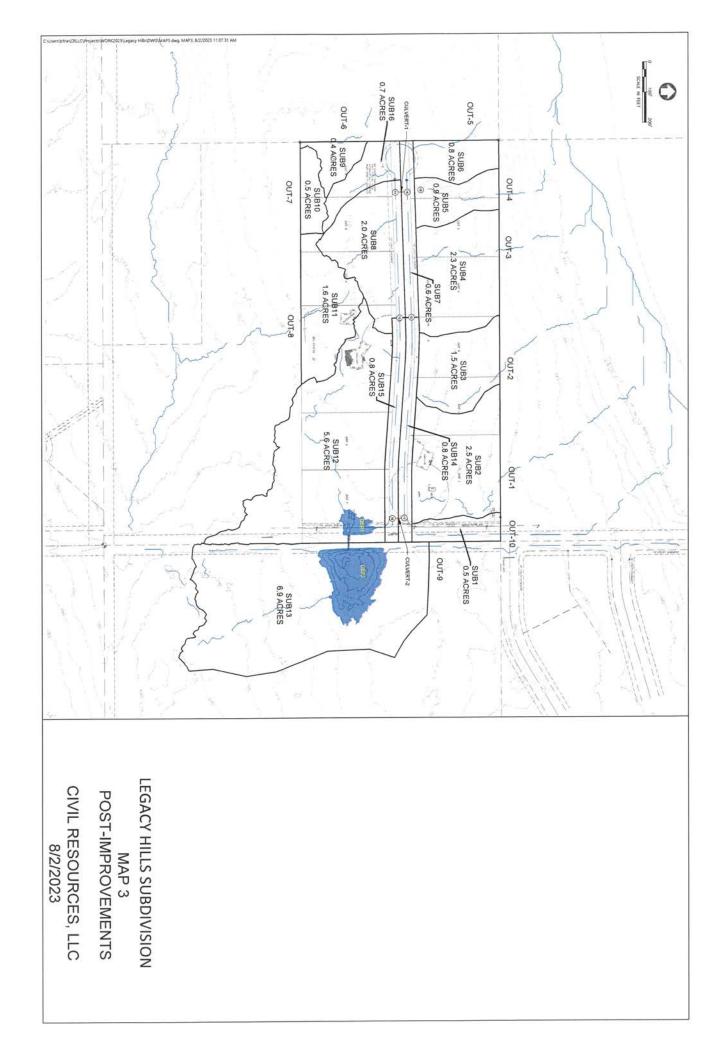
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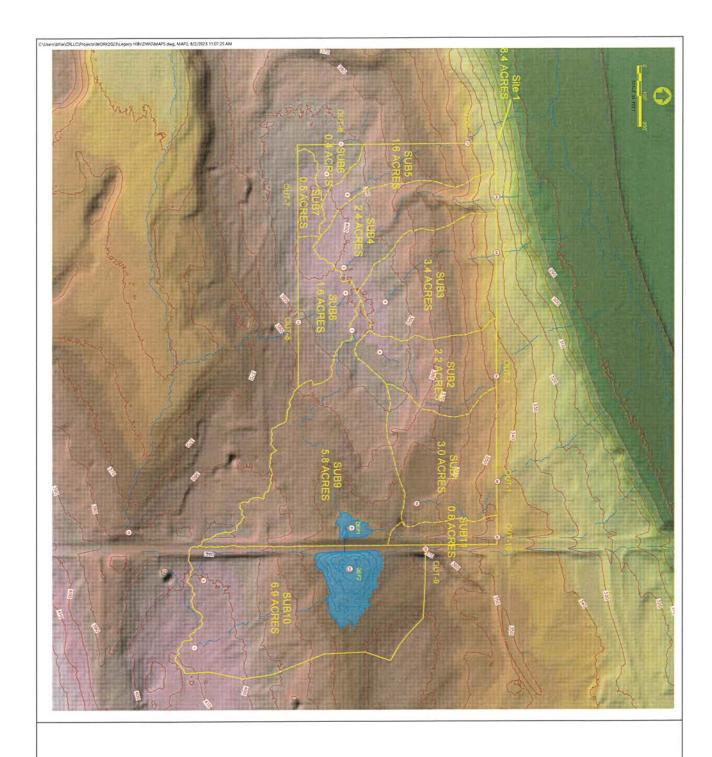
Monday, 05 / 22 / 2023



APPENDIX B - CALCULATIONS



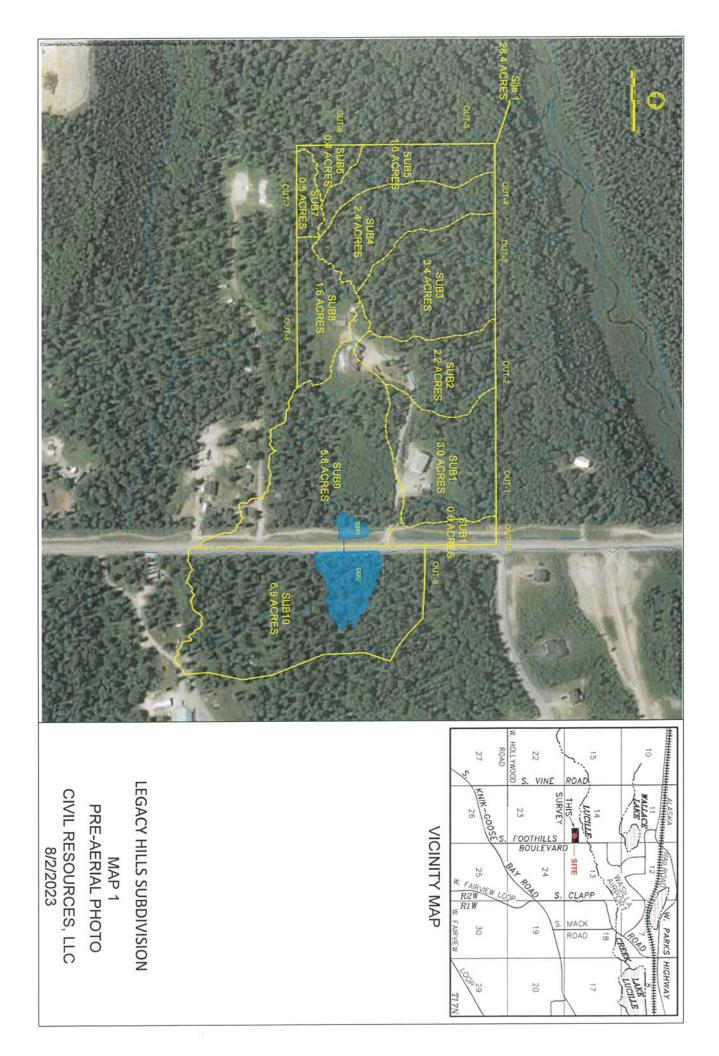




LEGACY HILLS SUBDIVISION

MAP 2
PRE-TERRAIN

CIVIL RESOURCES, LLC
8/2/2023



APPENDIX A - MAPS

Conclusions and Recommendations

- 1. Culverts shall be 18" diameter minimum. Ditches should be 30" deep below road hinge point. Cut and fill slopes should not be steeper than 2H:1V.
- Runoff from the first-flush storm soaks into ground. There is no need for water quality treatment facilities.
- 3. Road sided ditches are stable for turf or gravel subbase material.
- 4. The post runoff from the 1-year 24-hour storm infiltrates into the ground. Extended detention storage is not needed.
- 5. There is no significant-net increase for the 10-Year 24-Hour post development storm. Downstream adverse impact analysis is not required.
- 6. Runoff from the 100-Year 24-Hour storm event will pass unobstructed through the site.
- 7. Other Agency Requirements:
 - a. Floodplain Use Permit is not needed.
 - b. 404 Permit from U.S. Army Corps of Engineers is not required.
 - c. Verification from the Alaska Department of Fish and Game is not needed.
 - d. A Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan is required for this project if disturbed area is greater than one acre.
- 8. Ditches will require periodic removal of sediment and vegetation. It is recommended they be inspected every five years and following major storm events.
- Rock riprap shall be laid on graded filter material or filter fabric to prevent erosion of underlying soils. Filter is not needed for gravel mulch.
- 10. Building pad elevations shall be a minimum of 12" above adjacent ground within 10-feet of the building. Finished floor and all openings shall be a minimum of 6" above building pad.
- 11. As-Built drawings and certification may be required for drainage improvements prior to final acceptance by Borough.

Legacy Hills Drainage Report

- (7) Construct a concrete washout site next to stabilized entrance. Clean as needed and remove at end of project.
- (8) Cover all stockpiles and landscape material and berm properly with straw wattles or sandbags. Keep behind silt fence, away from water bodies. Hazardous materials and refuse must be kept in closed containers that are covered and use secondary containment, not directly on soil.
- (9) Use pea-gravel bags, (or similar product) around drain inlets found both onsite and in gutter as a last line of defense.
- (10) Place port-a-potty with secondary containment near stabilized site entrance, behind the curb and away from gutters, storm drain inlets, and water bodies.
- (11) Cover all exposed soil with straw mulch and tackifier (or equivalent).
- (12) Existing vegetation should be preserved as much as possible. Areas of disturbed soil/vegetation should be revegetated as soon as practical.
- (13) Prevent equipment fluid leaks onto ground by placing drip pans or plastic tarps under equipment. Repair equipment, as necessary.
- (14) Maintain all landscaping to ensure that vegetation is healthy and working as designed to prevent erosion and provide treatment to runoff.
- (15) Keep the site clear of debris and trash to prevent these items from entering roadside ditches.
- (16) Maintain channel/trail to facilitate drainage and access.
- (17) Clear all ditches, culverts, and down-chutes of ice prior to Spring break-up.

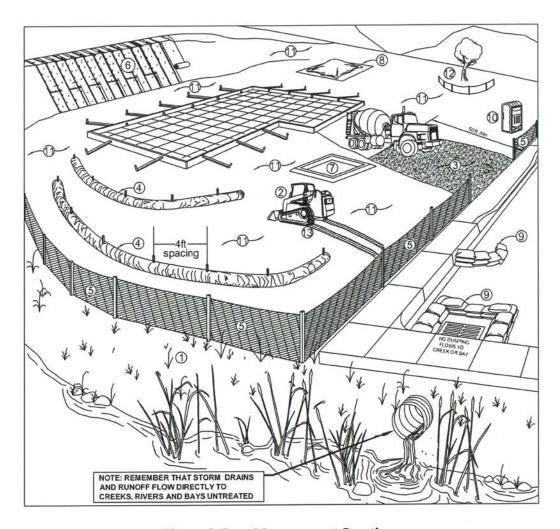


Figure 6. Best Management Practices

- (1) Check with your local planning and public works departments for creek setback requirements. Grading and/or building may be limited within Creekside buffers.
- (2) During grading phase, track-walk up and down slopes (not parallel to them).
- (3) Stabilize site entrance and temporary driveway use 3-4" crushed rock for a minimum of 50' (or as far as possible) to prevent tracking soil offsite. This can be used in conjunction with a tire wash or rumble plates.
- (4) Use straw wattles along contours of short slopes or slopes 3:1 or flatter, keyed into ground at least 3" deep (typically 25' apart).
- (5) Install silt fence along contours as secondary measure to keep sediment onsite and to minimize vehicle and foot traffic beyond limits of site disturbance. Silt fencing must be keyed in.
- (6) Install erosion control blankets (or equivalent) on any disturbed site with 3:1 slope or steeper, keyed into the ground at least 3".

Legacy Hills Drainage Report

The permit is an unfunded mandate by the Federal Government.

Given that clearing and grading over a site and constructing impervious surfaces causes increased runoff, property owners need to ensure that their individual activities do not injure their property, downstream neighbors, or pollute local waterways or ground water. Runoff controls aim to reduce the total amount of water that runs off and to reduce the pollutants in the runoff. Runoff controls include temporary measures during construction and permanent measures to improve water quality and control drainage. Groundwater recharge feeds many wells in the region, which could introduce above-ground pollutants into groundwater. Construct stormwater systems so contaminants are removed before they pollute surface water or groundwater.

Stormwater runoff from construction activities can have a significant impact on water quality. As stormwater flows over a construction site, it can pick up pollutants such as sediment, debris, and chemicals and transport these to a nearby storm sewer system or directly to a water body. Polluted stormwater runoff and sedimentation can harm or kill fish and other wildlife, destroy aquatic habitat, and cause stream bank erosion. It is the responsibility of the project owner, Homeowner's Association, or the Matanuska-Susitna Borough to keep and service all temporary and permanent erosion and sediment control facilities.

Table 10

		Min	imum Culv	ert Diameter	s			
CULVERT	YEAR	FLOW	Number	FLOW/PIPE	HW/D	DIAMETER		TYPE
NO.		(CFS)	A Transcenses &	(CFS)		CALC	USE	RIPRAP
CUL1	100	0.5	1	0.5	1.0	12	18	В
CUL2	100	0.5	1	0.5	1.0	12	18	В

First Flush Treatment

The term "first flush" has become common nomenclature in the stormwater management field. The concept behind this term is that pollutants that have collected on impervious surfaces will wash off during the first part of a storm event. The first portion of a given rain event will "flush" the impervious surface of its pollutants, resulting in stormwater runoff that contains more pollutants than runoff produced later in the storm. If the 24-hour 90th percentile historic rainfall event is selected, then capturing/treating the runoff associated with this amount for every rainfall event will prevent 90% of all pollutants from leaving the site. The first flush rainfall amount is 0.52-inches. Treating the runoff from this event by filtering or trapping will prevent 90% of all pollutants from entering Waters of the United States or public water supplies. All polluted runoff from impervious roads, roof tops, patios, walks, and drives will be filtered when flowing through turf and native vegetation before soaking into ground. There is no runoff from the first-flush rainfall event. Therefore, water quality treatment facilities are not needed. All runoffs including the first 0.25" of the 1-, 10-, and 100-year rainfall events are treated by turf filtration/soil infiltration prior to entering storage basins or leaving the site.

Down Stream Impact Analysis

A downstream impact analysis is needed when the net increase in Post Development flow leaving the site is between 0 and 10 percent. There is no-net increase in post-development flow. Therefore, there are no adverse downstream impacts.

Erosion and Sediment Control

With the results of the 2020 Census coming in less than a year, it is expected that the Borough will reach the threshold that will qualify parts of the Borough and Cities of Wasilla and Palmer to apply for an MS4 permit.

- The MS4 permit is a 5-year National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit that is renewed every fifth year,
- The permit is governed by the EPA Through the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC),
- The permit will have defined boundaries set up around Census Designated "Urbanized Areas,"
- The permit itself is a Best Management Practices Based Program, and

MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH PLATTING DIVISION

350 EAST DAHLIA AVENUE PALMER, ALASKA 99645



7196000L001 157 STONE JEFFREY S & MARY M 1688# E OUTER SPRINGER LO PALMER AK 99645

NOTIFICATION OF PUBLIC HEARING

The Matanuska-Susitna Borough Platting Board will consider the following:

PETITIONER/OWNER: STEFAN K. & YVONNE L. MARTY

REQUEST: The request is to create four lots from Tax Parcels A26, A28 & A29 (Parcel #1 & #2, MSB Waiver 2005-10, recorded at 2005-029658-0) to be known as **ANGUS ACRES**, containing 39 acres +/-. Proposed Lots 1 & 3 are two side-by-side flag lots with 30' wide poles; a Public Use Easement will be granted over the pole portions. Parcels are located south of the Palmer Airport and directly west of E. Outer Springer Loop. Access is from E. Outer Springer Loop (Tax ID#s 17N02E08A026/A028/A029); lying within the NE ½ Section 09, Township 17 North, Range 02 West, Seward Meridian, Alaska. In the Greater Palmer Community Council and in Assembly District #2.

The Matanuska-Susitna Borough <u>Platting Board</u> will hold a public hearing at the <u>Assembly Chambers</u> at the <u>Dorothy Swanda Jones Building</u>, 350 E. Dahlia Avenue, Palmer, Alaska, on the proposed <u>Subdivision</u>. The public hearing is scheduled for <u>July 20, 2023</u>, starting at 1:00 p.m. We are sending you this notice as required by State Law and Borough Ordinances.

For comments regarding the proposed action, this form may be used for your convenience by filling in the information below and mail this notice to the MSB Platting Division, 350 E. Dahlia Avenue, Palmer, Alaska 99645 or e-mail: platting@matsugov.us. Comments received from the public after the platting board packet has been written and sent to the Board will be given to the Platting Board in a "Hand-Out" the day of the meeting. Please do not send comments or questions directly to Platting Board members. Board members may not receive or engage in ex-parte contact with the applicant, other parties interested in the application, or members of the public concerning the application or issues presented in the application. All public comments are due one (1) day prior, by 12:00 p.m To request additional information please contact the Platting Technician, Amy Otto-Buchanan at (907) 861-7872.

To view the agenda or meeting packet please go to the following link: www.matsugov.us/boards/platting.

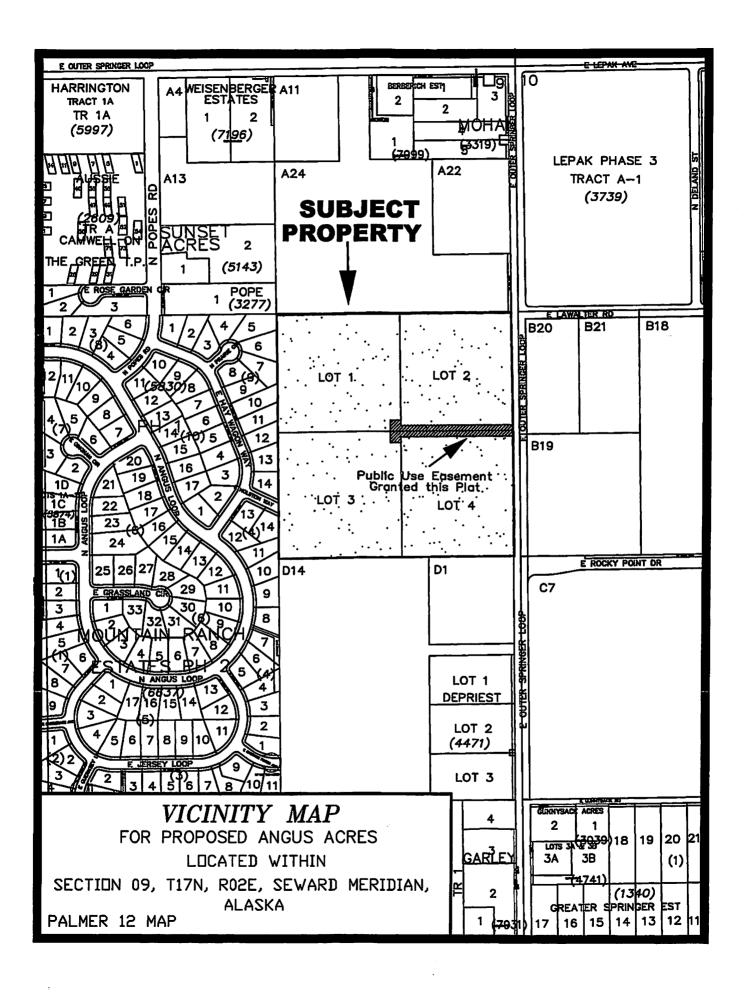
[] No Objection [X] Objection [X] Concern
Name: JAFrey & Mary Stone Address: 16889 E Outer Springer Loop
comments: Dur Concerns not build for
traffic, noise - these are farm
lands not Anchorage Subdivisions, 1
Keeping it small Farmland

Case # 2023-067 AOB

Note: Vicinity Map Located on Reverse Side

HANDOUT #1
ANGUS ACRES
CASE #2023-067

MEETING DATE: AUGUST 3, 2023



RECEIVED
JUL 1 8 2023
PLATTING

6637B05L012 35 PORTER JAMES M 14037 E JERSEY LOOP PALMER AK 99645

Case # 2023-067 AOB

NOTIFICATION OF PUBLIC HEARING

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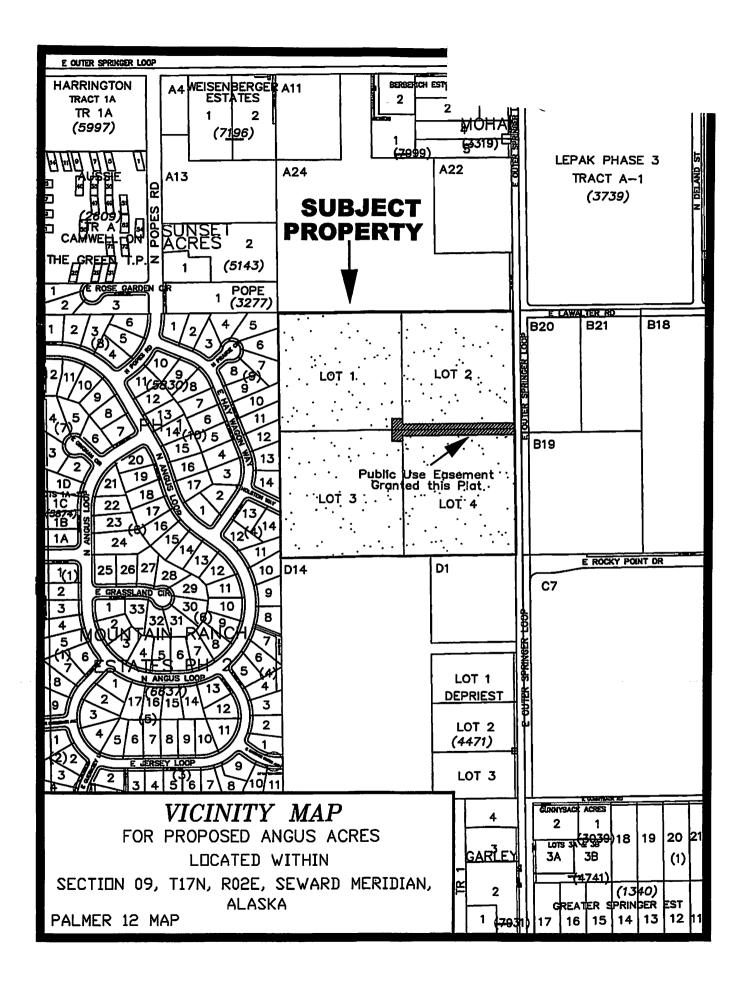
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To view the agenda or meeting packet please go to the following link; www.matsugov.us/boards/platting.

[] No	Objection [] Concern	
Name:_ Commen	Mr. James Porter 14037 E. Jersey Loop Palmer, AK 99645	
<u>J</u>	do not agree w/this Development - more	Sylo

Note: Vicinity Map Located on Reverse Side

HANDOUT #2
ANGUS ACRES
CASE #2023-067
MEETING DATE: AUGUST 3, 2023



STAFF REVIEW AND RECOMMENDATIONS PUBLIC HEARING AUGUST 3, 2023

PRELIMINARY PLAT:

ANGUS ACRES

LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

SEC 09, T17N, R02E, SEWARD MERIDIAN AK

PETITIONERS:

STEFAN K. & YVONNE L. MARTY

SURVEYOR:

HANSON LAND SOLUTIONS

ACRES: 39 ±

PARCELS: 4

REVIEWED BY:

AMY OTTO-BUCHANAN

CASE #: 2023-067

REQUEST: The request is to create four lots from Tax Parcels A26, A28 & A29 (Parcel #1 & #2, MSB Waiver 2005-10, recorded at 2005-029658-0) to be known as ANGUS ACRES, containing 39 acres +/-. Proposed Lots 1 & 3 are two side-by-side flag lots with 30' wide poles; a Public Use Easement will be granted over the pole portions. Parcels are located south of the Palmer Airport and directly west of E. Outer Springer Loop. Access is from E. Outer Springer Loop; lying within the NE ¼ Section 09, Township 17 North, Range 02 West, Seward Meridian, Alaska.

EXHIBITS

Request for a Continuance to a date uncertain

EXHIBIT A - 1 pg

Petitioner has requested a continuance to the September 21, 2023 Platting Board meeting to allow for a minor redesign of the request.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Suggested motion: I move to approve the continuance to a date uncertain for the preliminary plat of Angus Acres, Section 09, Township 17 North, Range 02 East, Seward Meridian, Alaska.

HANDOUT #3 ANGUS ACRES CASE #2023-067 MEETING DATE: AUGUST 3, 2023